

3Q 2015 Real GDP

Slowing slowly...

- GDP growth moderated further as expected (3Q 2015: +4.7% YoY, 2Q 2015: +4.9% YoY; 1Q 2015: +5.6% YoY).
- Consumption was a drag, but mitigated by improvements in investment and external trade.
- Slowing annual growth to +4.9% in 2015 and +4.5% in 2016 (2014: +6.0%).

3Q 2015 real GDP growth slowed to +4.7% YoY from +4.9% YoY in 2Q 2015. On a seasonally-adjusted QoQ basis, growth also slowed to +0.7% (2Q 2015: +1.1%).

Domestic demand growth moderated further to +4.0% YoY (2Q 2015: +4.6% YoY) on continued post-GST slowdown in private consumption (3Q 2015: +4.1% YoY; 2Q 2015: +6.4% YoY) while Government consumption growth eased (3Q 2015: +3.5% YoY; 2Q 2015: +6.8% YoY) amid control on Government operating expenditure. Softer consumption expenditure offset the pickup in investment expenditure (3Q 2015: +4.3% YoY; 2Q 2015: +0.5% YoY) that was due to faster private investment growth (3Q 2015: +5.5% YoY; 2Q 2015: +3.9% YoY) and rebound in public investment (3Q 2015: +1.8% YoY; 2Q 2015: -8.0% YoY).

Net external demand turned positive as it expanded +3.3% YoY (2Q 2015: -10.5% YoY) on rebounds in both exports (3Q 2015: +3.2% YoY; 2Q 2015: -3.7% YoY) and imports (3Q 2015: +3.2% YoY; 2Q 2015: -2.8% YoY) of goods and services, mainly reflecting the double-edged sword effect of MYR in boosting export competitiveness and import costs.

Sector growth performance was mixed, reflecting sector-specific factors and divergence between domestic demand and net external demand. Growth pickups in manufacturing (3Q 2015: +4.8% YoY; 2Q 2015: +4.2% YoY) and construction (3Q 2015: +9.9% YoY; 2Q 2015: +5.6% YoY) reflect the benefit of weak MYR to export-based manufacturing and rebound in gross fixed capital formation, especially infrastructure-related public investment. Services slowed (3Q 2015: +4.4% YoY; 2Q 2015: +5.0% YoY) in line with consumption expenditure. Amid continued soft commodity prices, mining (3Q 2015: +5.3% YoY; 2Q 2015: +6.0% YoY) and agriculture (3Q 2015: +2.4% YoY; 2Q 2015: +4.6% YoY) moderated.

Maintain 2015 growth forecast of +4.9%, which implies further slowing in 4Q 2015, and expect 2016 growth of +4.5% on slower consumer spending (2016E: +5.3%; 2015E: +6.0%), Government spending (2016E: +1.1%; 2015E: +2.4%) and private investment (2016E: +6.0%; 2015E: +7.1%) as pubic investment rebounds (2016E: +3.2%; 2015E: -0.8%). Net external will be less of a drag (2016E: -6.1%; 2015E: -6.3%) on improving exports (2016E: +3.0%; 2015E: +0.7%) and imports (2016E: +4.1%; 2015E: +1.6%).

Analysts

Suhaimi B Ilias (603) 2297 8682 suhaimi_ilias@maybank-ib.com

Dr Zamros Dzulkafli (603) 2082 6818 zamros.d@maybank-ib.com

Ramesh Lankanathan (603) 2297 8685 ramesh@maybank-ib.com

William Poh Chee Keong (603) 2297 8683 william.poh@maybank-ib.com

Consumer spending the main drag on growth...

Continued GST impact. Real GDP growth was sustained at 5.6% YoY in 1Q 2015 (4Q 2014: +5.7% YoY) as consumer spending accelerated to +8.8% YoY (4Q 2014: +7.6% YoY) ahead of the GST implementation on 1 Apr 2015. But in the post-GST quarters, growth in both real GDP and consumer spending slowed in to +4.9% YoY and +6.4% YoY respectively in 2Q 2015 and further to +4.7% YoY and +4.1% YoY in 3Q 2015. Overall, this is in line with what was observed in other countries that implemented GST before.

Plus other headwinds. However, current headwinds on consumer sentiment and spending are not just GST, but also other factors. These include rising costs of living amid higher transportation costs arising from recent and upcoming hikes in Klang Valley's highway toll rates and railway fares, compounded by the reduced purchasing power due to the inflationary effect of both GST and weak MYR, as well as concerns over the job market conditions amid news regarding workers' retrenchments in sectors like oil & gas, banking, manufacturing, media and aviation.

Pulling down overall consumption expenditure growth. Consumption expenditure growth slipped to +3.9% YoY in 3Q 2015 from +6.5% YoY in 2Q 2015 as a result of the slowdown in consumer spending, on top of the slowdown in Government consumption expenditure (3Q 2015: +3.5% YoY; 2Q 2015: +6.8% YoY) amid control on Government operating expenditure.

But impact on GDP mitigated by investment and trade...

Rebound in investment and net external demand mitigated the downside to real GDP growth. Gross fixed capital formation picked up (3Q 2015: +4.3% YoY; 2Q 2015: +0.5% YoY) that was due to faster private investment growth (3Q 2015: +5.5% YoY; 2Q 2015: +3.9% YoY) and rebound in public investment (3Q 2015: +1.8% YoY; 2Q 2015: -8.0% YoY) on the back of improved capital expenditures in the manufacturing and services sectors as well as fixed asset investments by the Federal Government and public enterprises. At the same time, net external demand turned positive as it expanded +3.3% YoY (2Q 2015: -10.5% YoY) on rebounds in both exports (3Q 2015: +3.2% YoY; 2Q 2015: -3.7% YoY) and imports (3Q 2015: +3.2% YoY; 2Q 2015: -2.8% YoY) of goods and services, mainly reflecting the double-edged sword effect of MYR in boosting export competitiveness and import costs.

Real GDP growth forecasts: Maintain 2015, Recalibrate 2016

Maintained our 2015 real GDP growth forecast of +4.9%. For the first nine months of 2015, growth was +5.1%. We maintain our full-year 2015 real GDP growth estimate of +4.9%, which implies that growth would slow further in current quarter to between +4.2% YoY and +4.5% YoY.

But recalibrate 2016 projection to +4.5% amid slower domestic demand (2016E: +4.6%; 2015E: +5.0%), especially consumer spending (2016E: +5.3%; 2015E: +6.0%). The latest GDP growth forecast is revised from the +4.7% forecast made following the release of Budget 2016 on 23 Oct 2015. The slower domestic demand mainly reflects further moderation in private consumption expenditure in view of the aforementioned headwinds facing consumers.

At the same time, Government consumption expenditure growth (2016E: +1.1%; 2015E: +2.4%) is curtailed by the continued fiscal consolidation to further reduce budget deficit that include a marginal +0.9% rise in the allocation for Government's operating expenditure.

Limiting the downside to growth next year is the expected pick up in gross fixed capital formation (2016E: +5.1%; 2015E: +4.2%), mainly on the rebound in public investment (2016E: +3.2%; 2015E: -0.8%) in view of the continued increase in Government's gross development expenditure (2016E: +5.4%; 2015E: +20.0%) as well as the on-going and roll-out of major infrastructure and investment projects. These include the completions of KVMRT1 and LRT extensions; the commencements of KVMRT2 and LRT3; RAPID Complex in Pengerang; and Pan-Borneo Highway. At the same time, as per Budget 2016, several Government-linked companies and investment funds (GLCs/GLIFs) will undertake a number of major investment projects e.g. Malaysian Vision Valley (Sime Darby); KLIA Aeropolis (MAHB); Khazanah's MYR6.7b investment in nine high-impact projects in healthcare, education, tourism, communication software & infrastructure. These are on top of the earlier identified ventures like TRX and Bandar Malaysia (1MDB), Kwasa Damansara (EPF) and Warisan Merdeka (PNB).

Although private investment is expected to grow at a slower pace (2016E: +6.0%; 2015E: +7.1%). As per Figures 15-16 in the Appendix, investment activities have been volatile of late, in tandem with the volatile trends in MIER's business conditions index and imports of capital goods, suggesting some impact from the uncertainty on general economic outlook caused by the volatile financial markets and currency. Moreover, we also expect real private investment to be softer given its apparent relationship with corporate earnings as per Figure 17 i.e. real private investment to be affected by weakening earnings per share as companies focus on managing costs, P&L and balance sheet rather than capex.

Net external demand to be less of a drag on the economy (2016E: -6.1%; 2015E: -6.3%) on improved performance of both exports (2016E: +3.0%; 2015E: +0.7%) and imports (2016E: +4.1%; 2015E: +1.6%) of goods and services. The net external demand performance reflects several factors:

- Malaysia's diversified export markets and products mitigate the impact of the uneven global economy that is characterised by the divergence between advanced economies and emerging market economies amid sustain albeit modest expansion and recovery in US, Eurozone and Japan versus slowdown in China and recession in Brazil and Russia.
- A relatively more stable commodity prices after the earlier plunge, meaning commodity exports will be less of a drag on topline exports next year after the drop this year. We are looking at average crude oil price and CPO price of USD53/bbl and MYR2,300/t in 2016 versus USD55/bbl and MYR2,100/t in 2015 (2014: USD99/bbl and MYR2,416/t). The stable crude oil price will also help to stabilise LNG export price.
- The impact of weak Ringgit on export competitiveness and import bills. MYR weakened against USD and in REER terms. MYR average 4.30 vs USD in Sep 2015 (-25.3% YoY) from 4.06 (-21.8% YoY) a month earlier. MYR weakened the most in REER terms in comparison with regional peers as it declined by -15.9% YoY in Sep 2015 (Aug 2015: -11.0% YoY). Malaysia's exports growth momentum was on the rise since June 2015

as weaker currency benefits manufacturing-based exports to offset the declines in commodity-related exports. Cheaper MYR also works in favour of Malaysia's tourism industry, a key component of the services trade segment of the current account. The flipside of weaker MYR is higher import bills, which is already being seen in terms of the rise in the value of imports of consumption goods amid slowdown in domestic consumer spending, and announcement by the auto industry - Japanese car makers/dealers - of increase in prices in Jan 2016.

Malaysia: Real GDP

| % chg | | | ACTUAL | | | MAYBA | NK KE | BUDGE | T 2016 |
|-------------------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|
| | 2014 | 1Q 2015 | 2Q 2015 | 3Q 2015 | Jan-Sep 2015 | 2015E | 2016E | 2015E | 2016E |
| Real GDP | 6.0 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.5-5.5 | 4.0-5.0 |
| Manufacturing | 6.2 | 5.6 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.3 |
| Services | 6.5 | 6.4 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 5.4 |
| Agriculture | 2.1 | (4.7) | 4.6 | 2.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 | (8.0) | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Mining | 3.3 | 9.6 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 |
| Construction | 11.8 | 9.7 | 5.6 | 9.9 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 8.8 | 8.4 |
| Domestic Demand | 5.9 | 7.9 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 5.9 | 5.5 |
| Private Consumption | 7.0 | 8.8 | 6.4 | 4.1 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 6.8 | 6.4 |
| Public Consumption | 4.4 | 4.1 | 6.8 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 3.6 | 3.0 |
| Gross Fixed Capital Formation | 4.8 | 7.9 | 0.5 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.1 |
| Private Investment | 11.0 | 11.7 | 3.9 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 6.7 |
| Public Investment | (4.9) | 0.5 | (8.0) | 1.8 | (1.8) | (0.8) | 3.2 | 1.6 | 2.3 |
| Net External Demand | 12.8 | (10.2) | (10.5) | 3.3 | (6.1) | (6.3) | (6.1) | (12.3) | (4.4) |
| Exports of Goods & Services | 5.1 | (0.6) | (3.7) | 3.2 | (0.4) | 0.7 | 3.0 | (8.0) | 0.9 |
| Imports of Goods & Services | 4.2 | 1.0 | (2.8) | 3.2 | 0.4 | 1.6 | 4 1 | 0.8 | 1.5 |

Sources: Dept. of Statistics, BNM, MoF (Economic Report 2015/2016), Maybank KE

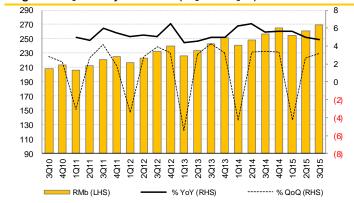
Malaysia: Other Key Economic Indicators

| | ACTUAL | | MAYE | MAYBANK | | BUDGET 2016 | |
|--|--------|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|--|
| | 2014 | 2015 YTD | 2015E | 2016E | 2015E | 2016E | |
| Gross Exports (% chg) | 6.4 | (<mark>0.2)</mark> (Jan-Sep) | 0.8 | 3.5 | (0.7) | 1.4 | |
| Gross Imports (% chg) | 5.3 | (0.7) (Jan-Sep) | 0.6 | 4.7 | (1.2) | 3.3 | |
| Frade Balance (RMb) | 83.1 | 63.9 (Jan-Sep) | 84.5 | 79.4 | 85.3 | 73.2 | |
| Current Account Balance (RMb) | 49.5 | 22.6 (Jan-Sep) | 28.3 | 26.6 | 23.4 | 11.3 | |
| Current Account Balance (% of GDP) | 4.3 | 2.7 (Jan-Sep) | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 0.9 | |
| Fiscal Balance (% of GDP) | (3.4) | (2.4) (Jan-Sep) | (3.2) | (3.1) | (3.2) | (3.1) | |
| nflation Rate (CPI, %) | 3.2 | 1.9 (Jan-Sep) | 2.0-2.3 | 3.0 | 2.0-2.5 | 2.0-3.0 | |
| Overnight Policy Rate (% p.a., end-period) | 3.25 | 3.25 (Current) | 3.25 | 3.25 | - | - | |
| exchange Rate (RM/USD, end-period) | 3.50 | 4.38 (13 Nov) | 4.35 | 4.30 | - | - | |
| Exchange Rate (RM/USD, average) | 3.27 | 3.85 | 3.94 | 4.24 | 4.02 | 4.22 | |
| Jnemployment Rate (%) | 2.9 | 3.1 (Jan-Aug) | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.9 | |
| Crude Oil (USD/bbl, Brent average) | 99 | 54 | 55 | 53 | 50 | 48 | |
| Crude Palm Oil (RM/tonne, average) | 2,416 | 2,174 | 2,100 | 2,300 | 2,200 | 2,300 | |

Sources: Bloomberg, Dept. of Statistics, BNM, MoF (Economic Report 2015/2016), EPU, Maybank KE, Maybank FX Research

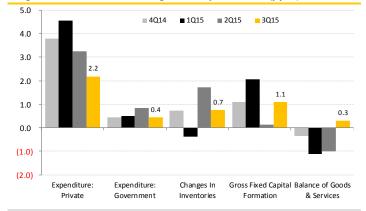
APPENDIX CHARTS & TABLES

Figure 1: Quarterly Real GDP (2Q10 - 3Q15)



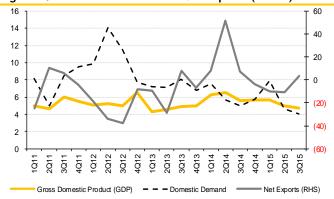
Source: Dept. of Statistics

Figure 3: Contribution to growth by Demand (ppts)



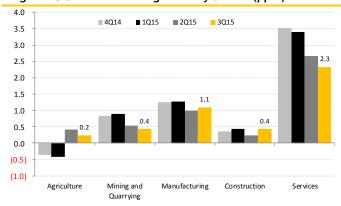
Source: Dept. of Statistics

Figure 2: Domestic Demand and Net Exports (% YoY)



Source: Dept. of Statistics

Figure 4: Contribution to growth by Sector (ppts)



Source: Dept. of Statistics

Figure 5: Contribution to Quarterly Real GDP YoY Growth (percentage points)

| | <u>3Q14</u> | <u>4Q14</u> | <u>1Q15</u> | <u>2Q15</u> | <u>3Q15</u> |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Real GDP (% YoY) | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 4.7 |
| Manufacturing | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Services | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.3 |
| Agriculture | 0.4 | (0.4) | (0.4) | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Mining | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Construction | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Domestic Demand | 4.6 | 5.3 | 7.1 | 4.2 | 3.7 |
| Private Consumption | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 2.2 |
| Public Consumption | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| Gross Fixed Capital Formation | 0.3 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 0.1 | 1.1 |
| Net External Demand | 0.6 | (0.4) | (1.1) | (1.0) | 0.3 |
| Exports of Goods & Services | 2.0 | 1.4 | (0.4) | (2.9) | 2.4 |
| Imports of Goods & Services | 1.3 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| Chg. in Inventories | 0.4 | 0.7 | (0.4) | 1.7 | 0.7 |

 ${\it Sources: Dept.\ of\ Statistics,\ BNM's\ Quarterly\ Economic\ Bulletin}$

Figure 6: Quarterly Real GDP Growth (% QoQ, non-seasonally adjusted)

| | <u>3Q14</u> | <u>4Q14</u> | <u>1Q15</u> | <u>2Q15</u> | <u>3Q15</u> |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Real GDP | 3.4 | 3.3 | (4.3) | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| Manufacturing | (0.7) | 4.1 | (4.6) | 5.7 | (0.1) |
| Services | 4.3 | 4.1 | (4.8) | 1.6 | 3.7 |
| Agriculture | 18.4 | (10.8) | (10.9) | 11.3 | 15.8 |
| Mining | (5.9) | 15.8 | 1.0 | (3.7) | (6.5) |
| Construction | 6.4 | 1.2 | 4.5 | (6.1) | 10.7 |
| Domestic Demand | 4.2 | 4.1 | (5.2) | 1.8 | 3.6 |
| Private Consumption | 9.3 | (2.6) | 0.3 | (0.4) | 6.9 |
| Public Consumption | 6.1 | 40.6 | (33.0) | 6.9 | 2.8 |
| Gross Fixed Capital Formation | (6.0) | 0.2 | 2.6 | 3.9 | (2.4) |
| Net External Demand | (4.2) | (2.7) | 5.8 | (9.3) | 10.6 |
| Exports of Goods & Services | (8.0) | 2.4 | (4.1) | (1.2) | 6.3 |
| Imports of Goods & Services | (0.3) | 3.1 | (5.3) | (0.1) | 5.8 |

Sources: Dept. of Statistics, BNM's Quarterly Economic Bulletin

Figure 7: Quarterly Real GDP Growth by Demand (% YoY)

| | <u>3Q14</u> | <u>4Q14</u> | <u>1Q15</u> | <u>2Q15</u> | <u>3Q15</u> | Details / Remarks |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Real GDP | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 4.7 | In line with our and consensus estimates of +4.6% YoY and +4.7% YoY respectively. |
| Domestic Demand | 5.0 | 5.7 | 7.9 | 4.6 | 4.0 | Pulled down by slower consumption expenditure (3Q 2015: +3.9% YoY; 2Q 2015: +6.5% YoY) which offset pick up in investment expenditure (3Q 2015: +4.3% YoY; 2Q 2015: +0.5% YoY) |
| Private Consumption | 6.8 | 7.6 | 8.8 | 6.4 | 4.1 | Household continued to adjust to the impact of GST, compounded by other headwinds like diminishing purchasing power due to rising inflation and weak MYR as well as concerns over job market conditions. |
| Public Consumption | 5.2 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 6.8 | 3.5 | Slower growth in Government expenditure on emoluments and supplies & services. |
| Gross Fixed Capital Formation | 1.3 | 4.3 | 7.9 | 0.5 | 4.3 | Rebounded on faster private investment growth and rebound in public investment. By type of assets, the pick up was mainly supported by faster growth in structures investment (3Q 2015: +7.0%; 2Q 2015: +5.9%) and rebound in and machinery and equipment investment (3Q 2015: +1.2%; 2Q 2015: -7.5%). |
| Private Sector | 7.0 | 11.1 | 11.7 | 3.9 | 5.5 | Pickup driven by capital spending in the manufacturing and services sector. |
| Public Sector | (8.5) | (1.9) | 0.5 | (8.0) | 1.8 | Rebounded on increased spending in fixed assets by both the Federal Government and public enterprises. |
| Net External Demand | 7.4 | (4.0) | (10.2) | (10.5) | 3.3 | Reflect rebound in both exports and imports of goods and services. |
| Exports of Goods & Services | 2.6 | 1.9 | (0.6) | (3.7) | 3.2 | In line with rebound in gross exports (3Q 2015: $+5.5\%$ YoY; 2Q 2015: -3.7% YoY). |
| Imports of Goods & Services | 2.0 | 2.6 | 1.0 | (2.8) | 3.2 | In line with rebound in gross imports (3Q 2015: +2.9% YoY; 2Q 2015: -5.2% YoY). |
| Change in Inventory (RMm) | (2,179) | (2,694) | (2,521) | 2,214 | (269) | |

Sources: Dept. of Statistics, BNM's Quarterly Economic Bulletin

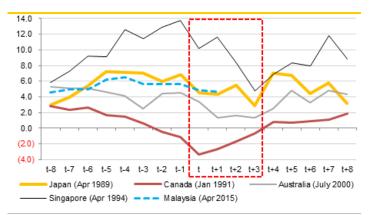
Figure 8: Quarterly Real GDP Growth by Sectors (% YoY)

| Figure 8: Quarterly Real GDP G | <u>3Q14</u> | <u>4Q14</u> | <u>1Q15</u> | <u> 2Q15</u> | <u>3Q15</u> | Details / Remarks |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| Real GDP | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 4.7 | In line with our and consensus estimates of +4.6% YoY and +4.7% YoY respectively. |
| Manufacturing | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 4.2 | 4.8 | Faster growth in export-oriented industries (3Q 2015: +5.8% YoY; 2Q 2015: +4.0% YoY), especially E&E (3Q 2015: +10.6% YoY; 2Q 2015: +4.7% YoY) amid moderation in domestic-oriented industries (3Q 2015: +3.2% YoY; 2Q 2015: +4.5% YoY), namely the consumer-related cluster (3Q 2015: +2.1% YoY; 2Q 2015: +4.1% YoY) which offset the pick up in construction-related cluster (3Q 2015: +3.9% YoY; 2Q 2015: +2.8% YoY). |
| Services | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 5.0 | 4.4 | Growth moderated due to slower growth in consumption-related sub-sectors like wholesale & retail trade (3Q 2015: +5.7% YoY; 2Q 2015: +5.9% YoY) and food, beverages & accommodation (3Q 2015: +5.8% YoY; 2Q 2015: +6.6% YoY) in line with consumer spending slowdown, as well as the contraction in finance & insurance sub-sector (3Q 2015: -3.1% YoY; 2Q 2015: +0.2% YoY) weighed down by the decline in fee-based income attributed mainly to the slower capital market activity. |
| Agriculture | 3.4 | (3.7) | (4.7) | 4.6 | 2.4 | Slower growth in both industrial crops (3Q 2015: +3.5% YoY; 2Q 2015: +6.2% YoY) namely Palm Oil (3Q 2015: +4.1% YoY; 2Q 2015: +10.4% YoY), and food crops (3Q 2015: +0.8% YoY; 2Q 2015: +2.4% YoY) especially livestock (3Q 2015: +2.0% YoY; 2Q 2015: +3.1% YoY). |
| Mining | 1.4 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 6.0 | 5.3 | Slower production of crude oil & condensates (3Q 2015: +8.3% YoY; 2Q 2015: +14.4% YoY) and rebound in natural gas output (3Q 2015: +1.3% YoY; 2Q 2015: -2.7% YoY). |
| Construction | 9.7 | 8.8 | 9.7 | 5.6 | 9.9 | Re-acceleration in growth was driven by the civil engineering and specialized construction activities sub-sectors. In the civil engineering sub-sector, the faster growth was driven by petrochemical and transport-related projects, while higher activity for earthworks, land clearing and land reclamation underpinned the growth in the specialised construction activities sub-sector. In the non-residential sub-sector, growth was sustained by large ongoing industrial and commercial projects, while construction in the high-end housing segments in the Klang Valley and Johor supported growth in the residential sub-sector. |

Sources: Dept. of Statistics, BNM's Quarterly Economic Bulletin

November 15, 2015 7

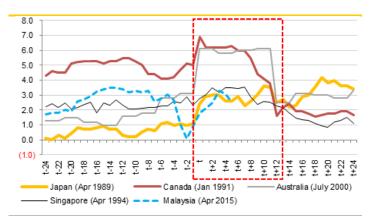
Figure 9: GST impact on GDP Growth (% YoY)



Note: "t" refers to quarter when GST was introduced

Sources: Bloomberg, CEIC, BNM

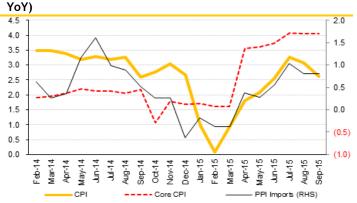
Figure 11: GST impact on Inflation (% YoY)



Note: "t" refers to quarter when GST was introduced

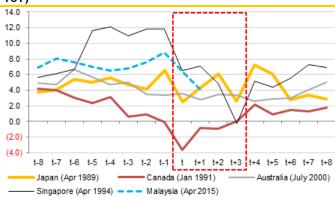
Sources: Bloomberg, CEIC, BNM

Figure 13: Inflation rates: CPI, Core CPI, PPI for Imports (%



Source: Dept. of Statistics

Figure 10: GST impact on Private Consumption Growth (% YoY)



Note: "t" refers to quarter when GST was introduced

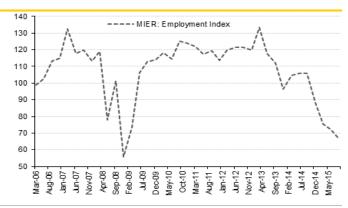
Sources: Bloomberg, CEIC, BNM

Figure 12: Consumer Sentiment Index & Real Private Consumption



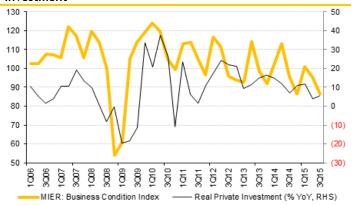
Sources: MIER, BNM

Figure 14: MER Employment Index



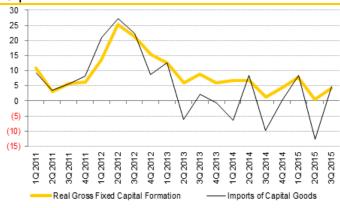
Source: MIER

Figure 15: Business Conditions Index & Real Private Investment



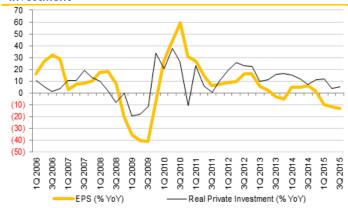
Sources: MIER, BNM

Figure 16: Imports of Capital Goods & Real Gross Fixed Capital Formation



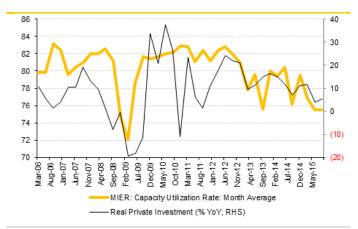
Sources: Dept. of Statistics, BNM

Figure 17: Earnings Per Share (EPS) & Real Private Investment



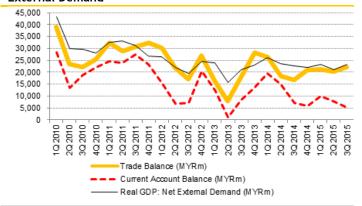
Sources: Dept. of Statistics, BNM

Figure 18: Capacity Utilisation & Real Private Investment



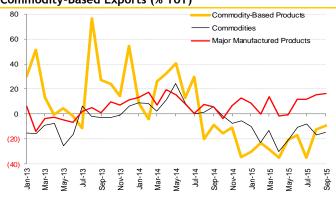
Sources: MIER, BNM

Figure 19: Trade Balance, Current Account Balance & Net External Demand



Sources: Dept. of Statistics, BNM

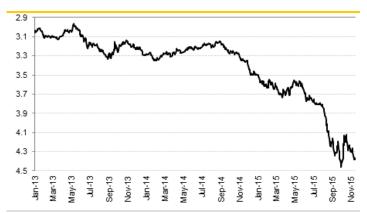
Figure 20: Manufacturing Exports, Commodity Exports & Commodity-Based Exports (% YoY)



Sources: Dept. of Statistics, Maybank KE

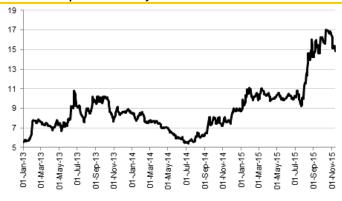
November 15, 2015 9

Figure 21: MYR vs USD



Source: Bloomberg

Figure 22: Simple Average of 1-Month to 12-Month USDMYR Implied Volatility



Source: Bloomberg

Figure 23: Global - Quarterly Real GDP Growth, % YoY

| rigure 25. C | TODAL Qualte | ity iteat obi | 70 101 | - | = | - | - | = |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 4Q 2013 | 1Q 2014 | <u>2Q 2014</u> | 3Q 2014 | <u>4Q 2014</u> | 1Q 2015 | 2Q 2015 | 3Q 2015 |
| WORLD * | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.5 | - |
| US | 2.5 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.0 |
| Eurozone | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.5 | - |
| Japan | 2.3 | 2.4 | (0.4) | (1.4) | (1.0) | (0.8) | 0.8 | - |
| UK | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| Canada | 2.3 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Australia | 2.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.0 | - |
| China | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.9 |
| Russia | 2.1 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.4 | (2.2) | (4.6) | (4.1) |
| Brazil | 2.1 | 2.7 | (1.2) | (0.6) | (0.3) | (1.6) | (2.6) | - |
| India | 6.4 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 8.4 | 6.6 | 7.5 | 7.0 | - |
| S. Korea | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.6 |
| Hong Kong | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| Taiwan | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 0.5 | (1.0) |
| Singapore | 5.4 | 4.6 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| Indonesia | 5.6 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| Thailand | 0.7 | (0.4) | 0.9 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 2.8 | - |
| Malaysia | 5.0 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 4.7 |
| Philippines | 6.1 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 5.5 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 5.6 | - |
| Vietnam | 6.0 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 6.9 |

^{*} Estimate by Maybank KE (note: our world real GDP growth estimates contain over-estimation bias of between +0.2ppt and +0.3ppt versus actual annual world real GDP growth published by IMF due to our small sample of - but statistically significant - economies) Sources: Bloomberg, CEIC, Maybank KE



Research Offices

REGIONAL

Sadiq CURRIMBHOY

Regional Head, Research & Economics (65) 6231 5836 sadiq@maybank-ke.com.sg

WONG Chew Hann, CA

Regional Head of Institutional Research (603) 2297 8686 wchewh@maybank-ib.com

ONG Seng Yeow

Regional Head of Retail Research (65) 6231 5839 ongsengyeow@maybank-ke.com.sg

TAN Sin Mui

Director of Research

(65) 6231 5849 sinmui@kimeng.com.hk

ECONOMICS

Suhaimi ILIAS
Chief Economist
Singapore | Malaysia
(603) 2297 8682 suhaimi_ilias@maybank-ib.com

Luz LORENZO

Philippines (63) 2 849 8836 luz_lorenzo@maybank-atrke.com

Tim LEELAHAPHAN

(66) 2658 6300 ext 1420 tim.l@maybank-ke.co.th

JUNIMAN

Chief Economist, BII Indonesia (62) 21 29228888 ext 29682

Juniman@bankbii.com

STRATEGY

Sadio CURRIMBHOY

Global Strategist

(65) 6231 5836 sadiq@maybank-ke.com.sg

Willie CHAN

Hong Kong / Regional

(852) 2268 0631 williechan@kimeng.com.hk

WONG Chew Hann, CA Head of Research (603) 2297 8686 wchewh@maybank-ib.com

Strategy

Desmond CH'NG, ACA

(603) 2297 8680 desmond.chng@maybank-ib.com • Banking & Finance

LIAW Thong Jung (603) 2297 8688 tjliaw@maybank-ib.com • Oil & Gas Services- Regional

ONG Chee Ting, CA (603) 2297 8678 ct.ong@maybank-ib.com • Plantations - Regional

Mohshin AZIZ

(603) 2297 8692 mohshin.aziz@maybank-ib.com • Aviation - Regional • Petrochem

YIN Shao Yang, CPA (603) 2297 8916 samuel.y@maybank-ib.com • Gaming - Regional • Media

TAN Chi Wei, CFA (603) 2297 8690 chiwei.t@maybank-ib.com • Power • Telcos

WONG Wei Sum, CFA (603) 2297 8679 weisum@maybank-ib.com

Property

LEE Yen Ling (603) 2297 8691 lee.yl@maybank-ib.com • Building Materials • Glove • Ports • Shipping

CHAI Li Shin, CFA (603) 2297 8684 lishin.c@maybank-ib.com • Plantation • Construction & Infrastructure

Ivan YAP (603) 2297 8612 ivan.yap@maybank-ib.com • Automotive • Semiconductor • Technology

Kevin WONG

(603) 2082 6824 kevin.wong@maybank-ib.com
• REITs • Consumer Discretionary

LIEW Wei Han

(603) 2297 8676 weihan.l@maybank-ib.com Consumer Staples

LEE Cheng Hooi Regional Chartist (603) 2297 8694

chenghooi.lee@maybank-ib.com

Tee Sze Chiah Head of Retail Research (603) 2297 6858 szechiah.t@maybank-ib.com

Cheah Chong Ling (603) 2297 8767 chongling.c@maybank-ib.com

HONG KONG / CHINA

Howard WONG Head of Research (852) 2268 0648

howardwong@kimeng.com.hk • Oil & Gas - Regional

(852) 2268 0632 benjaminho@kimeng.com.hk
• Consumer & Auto

Jacqueline KO, CFA (852) 2268 0633 jacquelineko@kimeng.com.hk • Consumer Staples & Durables

Ka Leong LO, CFA (852) 2268 0630 kllo@kimeng.com.hk • Consumer Discretionary & Auto

Mitchell KIM

(852) 2268 0634 mitchellkim@kimeng.com.hk
• Internet & Telcos

Osbert TANG, CFA (86) 21 5096 8370

osberttang@kimeng.com.hk
• Transport & Industrials

Stefan CHANG, CFA (852) 2268 0675

stefanchang@kimeng.com.hk

Technology

Steven ST CHAN (852) 2268 0645 stevenchan@kimeng.com.hk • Banking & Financials - Regional

Warren LAU

(852) 2268 0644 warrenlau@kimeng.com.hk • Technology - *Regional*

INDIA

Jigar SHAH Head of Research

(91) 22 6623 2632 jigar@maybank-ke.co.in

• Oil & Gas • Automobile • Cement

Anubhay GUPTA

(91) 22 6623 2605 anubhav@maybank-ke.co.in • Metal & Mining • Capital Goods • Property

Vishal MODI

(91) 22 6623 2607 vishal@maybank-ke.co.in

· Banking & Financials

Abhijeet KUNDU

(91) 22 6623 2628 abhijeet@maybank-ke.co.in

Consumer

(91) 22 6623 2606 neerav@maybank-ke.co.in
• Software Technology • Telcos

SINGAPORE

Gregory YAP (65) 6231 5848 gyap@maybank-ke.com.sg

• SMID Caps • Technology & Manufacturing • Telcos

YEAK Chee Keong, CFA (65) 6231 5842

yeakcheekeong@maybank-ke.com.sg
• Offshore & Marine

Derrick HENG, CEA (65) 6231 5843 derrickheng@maybank-ke.com.sg
• Transport • Property • REITs (Office)

Joshua TAN

(65) 6231 5850 joshuatan@maybank-ke.com.sg • REITs (Retail, Industrial)

John CHEONG (65) 6231 5845 johncheong@maybank-ke.com.sg • Small & Mid Caps • Healthcare

TRUONG Thanh Hang (65) 6231 5847 hang.truong@maybank-ke.com.sg • Small & Mid Caps

INDONESIA

Isnaputra ISKANDAR Head of Research (62) 21 2557 1129 isnaputra.iskandar@maybank-ke.co.id

• Strategy • Metals & Mining • Cement

Rahmi MARINA

(62) 21 2557 1128

rahmi.marina@maybank-ke.co.id

Banking & Finance

Aurellia SETIABUDI

(62) 21 2953 0785 aurellia.setiabudi@maybank-ke.co.id Property

Pandu ANUGRAH

(62) 21 2557 1137 pandu.anugrah@maybank-ke.co.id • Infra • Construction • Transport• Telcos

Janni ASMAN

(62) 21 2953 0784

janni.asman@maybank-ke.co.id • Cigarette • Healthcare • Retail

Adhi TASMIN (62) 21 2557 1209

adhi.tasmin@maybank-ke.co.id
• Plantations

PHILIPPINES

Luz LORENZO Head of Research

(63) 2 849 8836

luz_lorenzo@maybank-atrke.com

StrategyUtilities • Conglomerates • Telcos

Lovell SARREAL

(63) 2 849 8841 lovell_sarreal@maybank-atrke.com • Consumer • Media • Cement

Rommel RODRIGO

(63) 2 849 8839 rommel_rodrigo@maybank-atrke.com

Conglomerates • Property • GamingPorts/ Logistics

Katherine TAN (63) 2 849 8843

kat_tan@maybank-atrke.com
Banks • Construction

Michael BENGSON (63) 2 849 8840 michael_bengson@maybank-atrke.com

Conglomerates

Jaclyn JIMENEZ (63) 2 849 8842 jaclyn_jimenez@maybank-atrke.com

Consumer

Arabelle MAGHIRANG

(63) 2 849 8838 arabelle_maghirang@maybank-atrke.com

• Banks

THAILAND

Maria LAPIZ Head of Institutional Research
Dir (66) 2257 0250 | (66) 2658 6300 ext 1399
Maria.L@maybank-ke.co.th
• Consumer • Materials • Ind. Estates

Sittichai DUANGRATTANACHAYA (66) 2658 6300 ext 1393 Sittichai.D@maybank-ke.co.th

 Services Sector • Transport Sukit UDOMSIRIKUL Head of Retail Research (66) 2658 6300 ext 5090 Sukit.u@maybank-ke.co.th

Mayuree CHOWVIKRAN (66) 2658 6300 ext 1440

mayuree.c@maybank-ke.co.th Strategy

Padon VANNARAT (66) 2658 6300 ext 1450

Padon.v@maybank-ke.co.th
• Strategy

Surachai PRAMUALCHAROENKIT (66) 2658 6300 ext 1470 Surachai.p@maybank-ke.co.th • Auto • Conmat • Contractor • Steel

Suttatip PEERASUB (66) 2658 6300 ext 1430

suttatip.p@maybank-ke.co.th
• Media • Commerce

Sutthichai KUMWORACHAI

(66) 2658 6300 ext 1400 sutthichai.k@maybank-ke.co.th • Energy • Petrochem

Termporn TANTIVIVAT (66) 2658 6300 ext 1520 termporn.t@maybank-ke.co.th • Property

Jaroonpan WATTANAWONG (66) 2658 6300 ext 1404 jaroonpan.w@maybank-ke.co.th • Transportation • Small cap

VIETNAM

LE Hong Lien, ACCA Head of Institutional Research (84) 8 44 555 888 x 8181

lien.le@maybank-kimeng.com.vn
• Strategy • Consumer • Diversified • Utilities

THAI Quang Trung, CFA, Deputy Manager,

(84) 8 44 555 888 x 8180 trung.thai@maybank-kimeng.com.vn • Real Estate • Construction • Materials

Le Nguyen Nhat Chuyen (84) 8 44 555 888 x 8082 chuyen.le@maybank-kimeng.com.vn

· Oil & Gas

NGUYEN Thi Ngan Tuyen, Head of Retail Research (84) 8 44 555 888 x 8081 tuyen.nguyen@maybank-kimeng.com.vn

• Food & Beverage • Oil&Gas • Banking

TRINH Thi Ngoc Diep (84) 4 44 555 888 x 8208 diep.trinh@maybank-kimeng.com.vn

• Technology • Utilities • Construction

PHAM Nhat Bich (84) 8 44 555 888 x 8083 bich.pham@maybank-kimeng.com.vn
• Consumer • Manufacturing • Fishery

mi.nguyen@maybank-kimeng.com.vn

NGUYEN Thi Sony Tra Mi (84) 8 44 555 888 x 8084

Port operation • Pharmaceutical Food & Beverage

TRUONG Quang Binh (84) 4 44 555 888 x 8087 binh.truong@maybank-kimeng.com.vn • Rubber plantation • Tyres and Tubes • Oil&Gas



APPENDIX I: TERMS FOR PROVISION OF REPORT, DISCLAIMERS AND DISCLOSURES

DISCLAIMERS

This research report is prepared for general circulation and for information purposes only and under no circumstances should it be considered or intended as an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy the securities referred to herein. Investors should note that values of such securities, if any, may fluctuate and that each security's price or value may rise or fall. Opinions or recommendations contained herein are in form of technical ratings and fundamental ratings. Technical ratings may differ from fundamental ratings as technical valuations apply different methodologies and are purely based on price and volume-related information extracted from the relevant jurisdiction's stock exchange in the equity analysis. Accordingly, investors' returns may be less than the original sum invested. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. This report is not intended to provide personal investment advice and does not take into account the specific investment objectives, the financial situation and the particular needs of persons who may receive or read this report. Investors should therefore seek financial, legal and other advice regarding the appropriateness of investing in any securities or the investment strategies discussed or recommended in this report.

The information contained herein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but such sources have not been independently verified by Maybank Investment Bank Berhad, its subsidiary and affiliates (collectively, "MKE") and consequently no representation is made as to the accuracy or completeness of this report by MKE and it should not be relied upon as such. Accordingly, MKE and its officers, directors, associates, connected parties and/or employees (collectively, "Representatives") shall not be liable for any direct, indirect or consequential losses or damages that may arise from the use or reliance of this report. Any information, opinions or recommendations contained herein are subject to change at any time, without prior notice.

This report may contain forward looking statements which are often but not always identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "expect", "forecast", "predict" and "project" and statements that an event or result "may", "will", "can", "should", "could" or "might" occur or be achieved and other similar expressions. Such forward looking statements are based on assumptions made and information currently available to us and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue relevance on these forward-looking statements. MKE expressly disclaims any obligation to update or revise any such forward looking statements to reflect new information, events or circumstances after the date of this publication or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

MKE and its officers, directors and employees, including persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this report, may, to the extent permitted by law, from time to time participate or invest in financing transactions with the issuer(s) of the securities mentioned in this report, perform services for or solicit business from such issuers, and/or have a position or holding, or other material interest, or effect transactions, in such securities or options thereon, or other investments related thereto. In addition, it may make markets in the securities mentioned in the material presented in this report. MKE may, to the extent permitted by law, act upon or use the information presented herein, or the research or analysis on which they are based, before the material is published. One or more directors, officers and/or employees of MKE may be a director of the issuers of the securities mentioned in this report.

This report is prepared for the use of MKE's clients and may not be reproduced, altered in any way, transmitted to, copied or distributed to any other party in whole or in part in any form or manner without the prior express written consent of MKE and MKE and its Representatives accepts no liability whatsoever for the actions of third parties in this respect.

This report is not directed to or intended for distribution to or use by any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation. This report is for distribution only under such circumstances as may be permitted by applicable law. The securities described herein may not be eligible for sale in all jurisdictions or to certain categories of investors. Without prejudice to the foregoing, the reader is to note that additional disclaimers, warnings or qualifications may apply based on geographical location of the person or entity receiving this report.

Malaysia

Opinions or recommendations contained herein are in the form of technical ratings and fundamental ratings. Technical ratings may differ from fundamental ratings as technical valuations apply different methodologies and are purely based on price and volume-related information extracted from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad in the equity analysis.

Singapore

This report has been produced as of the date hereof and the information herein may be subject to change. Maybank Kim Eng Research Pte. Ltd. ("Maybank KERPL") in Singapore has no obligation to update such information for any recipient. For distribution in Singapore, recipients of this report are to contact Maybank KERPL in Singapore in respect of any matters arising from, or in connection with, this report. If the recipient of this report is not an accredited investor, expert investor or institutional investor (as defined under Section 4A of the Singapore Securities and Futures Act), Maybank KERPL shall be legally liable for the contents of this report, with such liability being limited to the extent (if any) as permitted by law.

Thailand

The disclosure of the survey result of the Thai Institute of Directors Association ("IOD") regarding corporate governance is made pursuant to the policy of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The survey of the IOD is based on the information of a company listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the market for Alternative Investment disclosed to the public and able to be accessed by a general public investor. The result, therefore, is from the perspective of a third party. It is not an evaluation of operation and is not based on inside information. The survey result is as of the date appearing in the Corporate Governance Report of Thai Listed Companies. As a result, the survey may be changed after that date. Maybank Kim Eng Securities (Thailand) Public Company Limited ("MBKET") does not confirm nor certify the accuracy of such survey result.

Except as specifically permitted, no part of this presentation may be reproduced or distributed in any manner without the prior written permission of MBKET. MBKET accepts no liability whatsoever for the actions of third parties in this respect.

US

This research report prepared by MKE is distributed in the United States ("US") to Major US Institutional Investors (as defined in Rule 15a-6 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) only by Maybank Kim Eng Securities USA Inc ("Maybank KESUSA"), a broker-dealer registered in the US (registered under Section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). All responsibility for the distribution of this report by Maybank KESUSA in the US shall be borne by Maybank KESUSA. All resulting transactions by a US person or entity should be effected through a registered broker-dealer in the US. This report is not directed at you if MKE is prohibited or restricted by any legislation or regulation in any jurisdiction from making it available to you. You should satisfy yourself before reading it that Maybank KESUSA is permitted to provide research material concerning investments to you under relevant legislation and regulations.

UK

This document is being distributed by Maybank Kim Eng Securities (London) Ltd ("Maybank KESL") which is authorized and regulated, by the Financial Services Authority and is for Informational Purposes only. This document is not intended for distribution to anyone defined as a Retail Client under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 within the UK. Any inclusion of a third party link is for the recipients convenience only, and that the firm does not take any responsibility for its comments or accuracy, and that access to such links is at the individuals own risk. Nothing in this report should be considered as constituting legal, accounting or tax advice, and that for accurate guidance recipients should consult with their own independent tax advisers.

November 15, 2015 12



DISCLOSURES

Legal Entities Disclosures

Malaysia: This report is issued and distributed in Malaysia by Maybank Investment Bank Berhad (15938-H) which is a Participating Organization of Bursa Malaysia Berhad and a holder of Capital Markets and Services License issued by the Securities Commission in Malaysia. Singapore: This material is issued and distributed in Singapore by Maybank KERPL (Co. Reg No 197201256N) which is regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Indonesia: PT Kim Eng Securities ("PTKES") (Reg. No. KEP-251/PM/1992) is a member of the Indonesia Stock Exchange and is regulated by the BAPEPAM LK. Thailand: MBKET (Reg. No.0107545000314) is a member of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and is regulated by the Ministry of Finance and the Securities and Exchange Commission. Philippines: Maybank ATRKES (Reg. No.01-2004-00019) is a member of the Philippines Stock Exchange and is regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission. Vietnam: Maybank Kim Eng Securities JSC (License Number: 71/UBCK-GP) is licensed under the State Securities Commission of Vietnam.Hong Kong: KESHK (Central Entity No AAD284) is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission. India: Kim Eng Securities India Private Limited ("KESI") is a participant of the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (Reg No: INF/INB 231452435) and the Bombay Stock Exchange (Reg. No. INF/INB 011452431) and is regulated by Securities and Exchange Board of India. KESI is also registered with SEBI as Category 1 Merchant Banker (Reg. No. INM 000011708) US: Maybank KESUSA is a member of and is authorized and regulated by the FINRA - Broker ID 27861. UK: Maybank KESL (Reg No 2377538) is authorized and regulated by the Financial Services Authority.

Disclosure of Interest

Malaysia: MKE and its Representatives may from time to time have positions or be materially interested in the securities referred to herein and may further act as market maker or may have assumed an underwriting commitment or deal with such securities and may also perform or seek to perform investment banking services, advisory and other services for or relating to those companies.

Singapore: As of 16 November 2015, Maybank KERPL and the covering analyst do not have any interest in any companies recommended in this research report.

Thailand: MBKET may have a business relationship with or may possibly be an issuer of derivative warrants on the securities /companies mentioned in the research report. Therefore, Investors should exercise their own judgment before making any investment decisions. MBKET, its associates, directors, connected parties and/or employees may from time to time have interests and/or underwriting commitments in the securities mentioned in this report.

Hong Kong: KESHK may have financial interests in relation to an issuer or a new listing applicant referred to as defined by the requirements under Paragraph 16.5(a) of the Hong Kong Code of Conduct for Persons Licensed by or Registered with the Securities and Futures Commission.

As of 16 November 2015, KESHK and the authoring analyst do not have any interest in any companies recommended in this research report.

MKE may have, within the last three years, served as manager or co-manager of a public offering of securities for, or currently may make a primary market in issues of, any or all of the entities mentioned in this report or may be providing, or have provided within the previous 12 months, significant advice or investment services in relation to the investment concerned or a related investment and may receive compensation for the services provided from the companies covered in this report.

OTHERS

Analyst Certification of Independence

The views expressed in this research report accurately reflect the analyst's personal views about any and all of the subject securities or issuers; and no part of the research analyst's compensation was, is or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed in the report.

Reminder

Structured securities are complex instruments, typically involve a high degree of risk and are intended for sale only to sophisticated investors who are capable of understanding and assuming the risks involved. The market value of any structured security may be affected by changes in economic, financial and political factors (including, but not limited to, spot and forward interest and exchange rates), time to maturity, market conditions and volatility and the credit quality of any issuer or reference issuer. Any investor interested in purchasing a structured product should conduct its own analysis of the product and consult with its own professional advisers as to the risks involved in making such a purchase.

No part of this material may be copied, photocopied or duplicated in any form by any means or redistributed without the prior consent of MKE.

Definition of Ratings

Maybank Kim Eng Research uses the following rating system

BUY Return is expected to be above 10% in the next 12 months (excluding dividends)

HOLD Return is expected to be between - 10% to +10% in the next 12 months (excluding dividends)

SELL Return is expected to be below -10% in the next 12 months (excluding dividends)

Applicability of Ratings

The respective analyst maintains a coverage universe of stocks, the list of which may be adjusted according to needs. Investment ratings are only applicable to the stocks which form part of the coverage universe. Reports on companies which are not part of the coverage do not carry investment ratings as we do not actively follow developments in these companies.



Malaysia

Maybank Investment Bank Berhad (A Participating Organisation of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad) 33rd Floor, Menara Maybank, 100 Jalan Tun Perak, 50050 Kuala Lumpur Tel: (603) 2059 1888; Fax: (603) 2078 4194

Stockbroking Business: Level 8, Tower C, Dataran Maybank, No.1. Jalan Maarof 59000 Kuala Lumpur Tel: (603) 2297 8888 Fax: (603) 2282 5136

Philippines

Maybank ATR Kim Eng Securities Inc. 17/F, Tower One & Exchange Plaza Ayala Triangle, Ayala Avenue Makati City, Philippines 1200

Tel: (63) 2 849 8888 Fax: (63) 2 848 5738

South Asia Sales Trading

Kevin Foy Regional Head Sales Trading kevinfoy@maybank-ke.com.sg Tel: (65) 6336-5157 US Toll Free: 1-866-406-7447

Malavsia Rommel Jacob rommeljacob@maybank-ib.com Tel: (603) 2717 5152

Indonesia Harianto Liong harianto.liong@maybank-ke.co.id Tel: (62) 21 2557 1177

New York Andrew Dacey adacey@maybank-keusa.com Tel: (212) 688 2956

Vietnam Tien Nguyen thuytien.nguyen@maybank-kimeng.com.vn Tel: (84) 44 555 888 x8079

Singapore

Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd Maybank Kim Eng Research Pte Ltd 50 North Canal Road Singapore 059304

Tel: (65) 6336 9090

Hong Kong

Kim Eng Securities (HK) Ltd Level 30, Three Pacific Place, 1 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2268 0800 Fax: (852) 2877 0104

Thailand

Maybank Kim Eng Securities (Thailand) Public Company Limited 999/9 The Offices at Central World, 20th - 21st Floor, Rama 1 Road Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330, Thailand

Tel: (66) 2 658 6817 (sales) Tel: (66) 2 658 6801 (research)

North Asia Sales Trading

Andrew Lee andrewlee@kimeng.com.hk Tel: (852) 2268 0283 US Toll Free: 1 877 837 7635

Thailand Tanasak Krishnasreni Tanasak.K@maybank-ke.co.th Tel: (66)2 658 6820

India Manish Modi

manish@maybank-ke.co.in Tel: (91)-22-6623-2601

Philippines

Keith Roy keith_roy@maybank-atrke.com Tel: (63) 2 848-5288

London

Maybank Kim Eng Securities (London) Ltd 5th Floor, Aldermary House 10-15 Queen Street London EC4N 1TX, UK

Tel: (44) 20 7332 0221 Fax: (44) 20 7332 0302

Indonesia

PT Maybank Kim Eng Securities Plaza Bapindo Citibank Tower 17th Floor Jl Jend. Sudirman Kav. 54-55 Jakarta 12190, Indonesia

Tel: (62) 21 2557 1188 Fax: (62) 21 2557 1189

Vietnam

Maybank Kim Eng Securities Limited 4A-15+16 Floor Vincom Center Dong Khoi, 72 Le Thanh Ton St. District 1 Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

Tel: (84) 844 555 888 Fax: (84) 8 38 271 030

New York

Maybank Kim Eng Securities USA 777 Third Avenue, 21st Floor New York, NY 10017, U.S.A.

Tel: (212) 688 8886 Fax: (212) 688 3500

India

Kim Eng Securities India Pvt Ltd 2nd Floor, The International 16, Maharishi Karve Road, Churchgate Station, Mumbai City - 400 020, India

Tel: (91) 22 6623 2600 Fax: (91) 22 6623 2604

Saudi Arabia

In association with Anfaal Capital Villa 47, Tujjar Jeddah Prince Mohammed bin Abdulaziz Street P.O. Box 126575 Jeddah 21352

Tel: (966) 2 6068686 Fax: (966) 26068787

www.maybank-ke.com | www.maybank-keresearch.com